

7. (a) What are directory-based protocols for network-connected multiprocessors ? How are these different from snoopy protocols ? Where and why are these used ? Illustrate their relevance. 9
- (b) What do you mean by deadlocks in message-passing networks ? What are the ways to overcome deadlocks ? Illustrate. 7

#### UNIT – IV

8. (a) What are quantum computers ? What is their working principle ? How are these different from classical computers ? How are these significant in this modern age ? Illustrate. 10
- (b) What are the postulates of quantum mechanics ? How are these relevant ? Explain. 6
9. Explain the following :
- (a) Quantum cryptography and its significance 8
- (b) Grover's quantum search algorithm 8

Roll No. ....

**67064-N**

**MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester 2 yr. Course**  
(w. e. f. 2020-21)

**Examination – July, 2022**

**ADVANCE COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE & QUANTUM  
COMPUTING**

Paper : 20MCA22DB3

Time : Three hours ]

[ Maximum Marks : 80

*Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.*

*Note : Attempt five questions in all. Question Number 1 is compulsory. In addition to compulsory question, student has to attempt four more questions selecting one question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.*

1. (a) What are parallel computers ? Enumerate their classification.
- (b) Differentiate between hardware and software parallelism.

- (c) What are snoopy protocols ? What is their importance ?
- (d) What are multicasting algorithms ? Outline their significance.
- (e) How does NUMA model differ from COMA model ?
- (f) What is a crossbar switch ? How does it work ?
- (g) What are systolic arrays ? Discuss their significance.
- (h) What is Omega Network ? 2 × 8 = 16

**UNIT - I**

- 2. (a) What do you mean by program flow mechanisms ? How do you compare control-flow, dataflow and reduction computers in terms of program flow mechanisms ? Illustrate. 8
- (b) What is the effective CPI of a computer which uses a 25 MHz processor with a claimed 5 MIPS rating to execute a given program mix. Assume a one-cycle delay for each memory access. 8
- 3. (a) What are Bernstein's conditions ? Illustrate their relevance. 6
- (b) What is CPU performance ? How instruction set, compiler technology, CPU implementation and control, cache and memory hierarchy affect the CPU performance ? Illustrate. 10

**UNIT - II**

- 4. (a) What are dynamic connection networks ? What are its important types ? Illustrate the significance and suitability of each type. 8
- (b) What are binary fat trees ? Illustrate the advantages of using binary fat trees over conventional binary trees as a multiprocessor interconnection network. 8

- 5. What is meant by memory hierarchy ? Explain the inclusion property and memory coherence requirements in a multilevel memory hierarchy ? Also differentiate between write-through and write-back policies in maintaining the coherence in adjacent levels. 16

**UNIT - III**

- 6. (a) What are virtual channels ? Where and how are these useful ? Discuss. 7
- (b) What are multi-computers ? What is the generic model of a multi-computer ? Which interconnection schemes are used for these ? Illustrate. 9